

LOU.SVILLE Poultry Supply Co.

305 East Market Street

LOUISVILLE, KY.

The only and original poultry supply house south of the Ohio River.

We keep a full line of first-class

POULTRY SUPPLIES AND FEEDS.

Write for Price List.

SEND YOUR BOY TO

Matheney & Batts

VANDERBILT TRAINING SCHOOL FOR BOYS

Eikton, Kentucky

The Principals have conducted a preparatory school for the past 11 years. Students trained by them have taken the following honors at Vanderbilt University: Entrance Prize in Mathematics, English, and History in 1906; Membership in Phi Beta Kappa (scholarship fraternity) in 1909; Founder's Medal in Academic Department in 1910; Mathematics Prize in 1911. Good records in other colleges.

SPECIAL OVERSIGHT, CHRISTIAN INFLUENCES. A safe place for young boys.

Boarding patronage doubled under present management.

Write to Principals for catalogue.

COURIER-JOURNAL
For 1913.

You can not keep posted on current events unless you read the

CURIE R-JOURNAL

LOUISVILLE, KY.—HENRY WATERSON, EDITOR

WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL

—AND—

HARTFORD REPUBLICAN

Both One Year for

\$1.50.

Regular price of Weekly Courier-Journal \$1.00 a year. We can also make a special rate on Daily or Sunday Courier-Journal in combination with this paper.

To Get Advantage of This Cut Rate, Orders Must Be Sent to Us, Not to Courier-Journal.

Send 10 Cents and get one by return mail.
STAR SPECIALTY CO., Louisville, KY.
AGENTS' SUPPLY HOUSE

SEEMINGLY KNEW ITS VALUE

Moose Refused to Come Within Range of Hunter's Rifle Until the "Auto" Had Been Raised.

A parsimonious sportsman, shooting over some wild lands in Nova Scotia, being desirous to bring down a moose, started out to engage a guide and moose caller. The usual pay of a Nova Scotia guide is two dollars a day; but the sportsman in question was too mean to pay the regular rates, and finding a skillful guide, one Louis the Indian, temporarily out of a job, after much wrangling managed to jam him down to one dollar a day, and the two started out into the woods. All the conditions were favorable to finding a moose, but, although each day before sunrise Louis the Indian took his birch bark cone, and placing it to his lips, whinned and grunted in imitation of a moose, there was no answering call, no antlered giant of the forest stalked into view. After twenty-odd days of this sort of effort without a result, the sportsman grew both impatient and suspicious, and, calling the guide to his tent, he began to upbraid him.

"Louis," he said, "I don't understand this kind of business. Here we are in the best moose country in Nova Scotia. You are considered one of the best callers in the province. Every day you go out and call and call, yet no moose comes. What does it mean?"

The wily Indian took his pipe out of his mouth for a moment and smiled a smile of infinite cunning. "We don't know what matter," he said. "Maybe moose no like dollar call."

The very next day, our sportsman having raised the ante to two dollars, a moose "came to the call"—the right call this time. Louis was a sly Indian.—Judge.

NOW HAS PETRIFIED APPLE.

Colorado Man Threw Fruit Into Furnace and the Heat Had Peculiar Effect.

By some process that no one has consented has been able to explain, an apple has undergone petrification in the furnace at the home of C. Schrader of Denver, Colo., who has offered the curiosity to the state museum.

The apple, russet, weighed about five ounces three weeks ago. It was thrown into the Schrader's furnace, and now weighs fourteen ounces. Its color and shape were not affected by the heat, and it appears at a glance to be a perfect apple, except that there is a hole where the stem was; but it is so hard that the point of a knife blade cannot be driven into it.

Schrader found it in the ashes when he cleaned out his furnace.

Tactful Dancer.

Mme. Pavlova had to pass through something of an ordeal during her recent visit to Russia. After a performance at St. Petersburg she was called to the imperial box and the czar asked her why she had ceased to live in Russia. But the dancer was equal to the occasion. She entered into an animated description of the beauties of her new London home, and especially of her pet swans, pigeons, and parrots, who could hardly be expected to enjoy the delights of travel and who even at that moment were pining for the return of their mistress. The czar listened with amusement and made a virtue of necessity when he gave his permission to the great dancer to live where and how she pleased so long as she remembered that her own people were second to none in appreciation of her art.

New Use for Ozone.

Ozone generators have been found to be of great value in refrigerating plants, and several of the large establishments of Europe have been thus equipped. In the cold-storage rooms attached to slaughter houses the temperature of the air is liable to be raised to a serious extent when the doors are left open for any reason; for instance, when meat is being put in or taken out. The micro-organisms of putrefaction immediately become active under such circumstances, and the keeping quality of the meat is diminished. Now, it is well known that ozone is a powerful germicide. In the air of the cold-storage room is ozonized, its temperature may be raised without injury to the contents.

Novelist's Japanese Prints.

It is not often that the British museum is enriched by so valuable an addition as that of Arthur Morrison's collection of Japanese prints. It is one of the very finest collections of its kind extant.

Arthur Morrison, who is the writer of Tales of Mean Streets, and other remarkable works of fiction, is the greatest living English authority on Japanese art, on which he has written much. His interest in the subject is due to an accident. Some 20 years ago he had attracted by a print in a shop window and incontinently bought it. That was the beginning of his activities as a collector and connoisseur. He has subsequently added to his collection.

"Make it at the Cantina Americana, and save the \$1.70," someone suggested.

"Won't do it," replied the saloon-keeper. "Must have a sign in English to make it homely."

"Then make it 'U. S. Bar.'"

He did, and saved \$1.20 a month.

Fires Without Flame.

An engineer has invented a way to have fire without flame. His apparatus consists of a porous plate of mass of fire resisting fragments, within which he mixes inflammable gas and air in the right proportions. When the gas is first turned on and lighted it burns with a flame at the surface of the plate. When the flame is turned on the flame disappears, but the heat increases. A temperature of 3,200 degrees is claimed. Just what use this invention can be made is yet a question.

Neglected Opportunity.

"The days are getting longer," said the observant man. "Yes," replied the person who takes melancholy pride in being an ultimate consumer. "And nobody has found a way for putting in an extra charge on that account."

BUT HE MET THE GREAT MAN

Insurance Agent Had Something to Brag About, Even If He Didn't Get Any Business.

A well-known insurance official said the other day in Chicago:

"In the beginning of my career, when I was only a humble insurance agent, I gained access one morning to the august and formidable presence of J. Pierpont Morgan."

"No!"

"Yes," the official insisted; "yes, it's a fact. Don't ask me how I did it, though, for that's secret. But at ten o'clock one morning behold me, a young insurance agent, standing before the desk of the great J. Pierpont, with my big envelope of life-and-death statistics, twenty-year endowments and so forth in my hand. I was, I have since learned, the first and only insurance agent who ever managed to meet Mr. Morgan face to face."

"Well, what happened?"

"Mr. Morgan," I began, hurriedly, "you ought to carry more life insurance. You see, sir—"

"And lucidly and cogently I laid my insurance proposition before the great man."

"He listened in silence. Those fierce blue eyes of his bored me through like knives. When I stopped at last, all he said was:

"How did you get in here?"

"I walked in," I answered.

"Well," said he, "walk out."

AND HONEY STILL IS THERE

Californian's Attempt to Rob Hive Resulted in His Losing Fourteen Chickens.

Arthur J. Holmes, a Beresford (Cal.) farmer, whose establishment is near the summer home of Antoine Borel, was not cut out for a bee fancier. Some time ago while pruning some trees on his farm, Arthur was overjoyed to discover a colony of bees ensconced in a hollow limb, busily engaged in making honey.

Recently he decided that the time was ripe to sample this unexpected luxury, so he proceeded to the tree and began operations by poking the hole with a large stick. Then things happened.

The bees, alarmed and angered at this treatment, came forth to do battle, and in a trice Arthur was biting the high spots for home, followed by the buzzing swarm. An hour later he thought it safe to come out again, and cautiously approached the bee tree, which was near the chicken pen. Stark and stiff in the inclosure lay fourteen newly hatched chickens. The bees, having lost their human prey, had wreaked their vengeance upon the defenseless chicks.

Aviation Inspires an Opera.

Aviation the most up-to-date branch of science has excelled all other modern achievements in that it has inspired grand opera. This, however, is not surprising for a classic theme lay to the hands of libertines and composers in the Greek tragic story of Icarus, who was killed while attempting a flight, and it is on this ancient legend that the aviation opera, which was produced at Nice recently, was based. The author of the libretto, M. Henri Cain, shows Icarus in the center of the maze constructed by his father, Daedalus. Despising the allurements of nymphs and naiads, the youth makes a pair of wings with the feathers of an eagle and tries to fly from the top of a cliff. In the final scene, in which Icarus dies from his fall, the genius of science appears and in a vision shows him the final conquest of the air.

To show how the opera is identified with modern aviation it may be added that the music was composed by M. Henri Deutsch de la Meurthe, the wealthy Frenchman who was one of the first to have an airship built for his own use.

Shorter Name Lowered Taxes.

The city government at Tamico the second largest seaport in Mexico recently decided to tax all publicly displayed signs in foreign language. Only names of firms were exempt. The tax was ten cents a month on each letter.

The proprietor of "The American Saloon" was particularly incensed when he had to pay the first \$1.70. He aired his grievance at the Colonial club so loud that it attracted attention.

"Make it at the Cantina Americana, and save the \$1.70," someone suggested.

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GOT HIS WIFE BY PURCHASE.

Recent Transaction in England Gives Rise to Some Caustic Remarks By Eastern Editor.

We are all in agreement upon the general principle that however much a man may want a wife he ought not to buy one. But at the same time we do hear sometimes of the frank and unashamed purchase of a wife. Take, for instance, a certain divorce case that has been heard recently in England and that was described by the judge as an instance of wife-buying, which it certainly was. Mr. Morand asked for a divorce from his wife on the ground that the lady had given the most unmistakable proofs of her preference for a multimillionaire named Captain Morrison. In a way it was a friendly suit, since Captain Morrison was willing to pay \$27,500 damages and Morand was willing to receive that sum. They were both in agreement as to the value of the lady, and the judge concurring, the divorce was granted and the transaction completed.

Of course, the story is a rather disgusting one, but we are disgusted not because Captain Morrison bought a woman, but because he bought a woman who was already a wife. There is nothing remarkable about the purchase of a woman, since it is done every day. Sometimes it is the man who offers to sell. The various associations of young women who have recently announced that they will marry no man with an income of less than \$5,000 a year have virtually stated that \$5,000 a year is the lowest price at which they will sell themselves.

Pennsylvania Grit.

Security Life Insurance Co.

Not the oldest—not the biggest—but the STRONGEST in surplus security to policy holders.

Highest ratio of assets to liabilities among all the established life insurance companies in America. Everything absolutely guaranteed. No estimates.

YOU should carry a guaranteed policy in this strong company.

W. R. HEDRICK, - Hartford.

A. S. TANNER, - Owensboro.

HAVE YOUR SUITS

Cleaned AND Pressed

Repairing and Dyeing neatly done.

Ladies work given special attention.

Hats Cleaned and Repaired.

Work called for and delivered.

Club rate \$1.00 per month.

Hartford Pressing Club,

Y. M. C. A. BLDG.,

HARTFORD, KY.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery FOR COUGHS AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES.

GUARANTEED SATISFACTION OR MONEY REFUNDED.

SOLITE OIL

the Lamp Oil that Saves Eyes

Nothing is more important in the home than clear, steady light. Insure this by getting the oil that burns clean and clear without a hint of smoke or smell. Costs no more than the tank-wagon kind—saves MONEY—saves WORK—saves EYES.

Your dealer has SOLITE OIL in barrels direct from our works.

Chas. C. Stoll Oil Co.

Louisville, Ky.

Refinery at Warren, Pa.

We sell the celebrated "No Carb" Auto Oil.

THE SEWING MACHINE OF QUALITY.

NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME.

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.

If you purchase the NEW HOME you will have a life asset of the price you pay, and will not have an endless chain of repairs.

Quality Considered

It is the Cheapest

in the end to buy.

If you want a sewing machine, write for our catalog before you purchase.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, N.J.

To Get Advantage of This Cut Rate, Orders Must

Be Sent to Us, Not to Courier-Journal.

Regular price of Weekly Courier-Journal \$1.00 a year. We can also

make a special rate on Daily or Sunday Courier-Journal in com-

bination with this paper.

Arthur Morrison, who is the writer

The BIG PROFIT SHARING SALE

Closes Saturday, August 2nd.

Only One More Day That You Can Share in This Season's Profits

Make Good Use of the Time and Allow Nothing You Can Use Escape You.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.,

BEAVER DAM, KY.

Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice at Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

C. M. BARNETT, J. NEY FOSTER
EDITORS

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Unsolicited manuscripts will not be returned unless accompanied by postage.

Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEPHONE.
Hough River..... 123

FRIDAY, AUGUST 1.

The Mexican hand of Huerta should never touch Uncle Sam's.

They keep on lecturing Bryan but don't want him to lecture.

If you do not vote in the primary tomorrow, don't kick at the result.

How would "the minimum wage" do as the subject for Bryan's popular lecture?

Democratic Congressmen are calling each other bad names, behind closed doors.

A few broken promises will keep a man busy the rest of his life trying to pick up pieces.

If we go back to "imperialism" as an issue some one will soon start the "Princess Jessie" business.

If Mexicans kill a few more Americans, Secretary Bryan may try his first peace plans on them.

Those Bulgars should remember the old prize fighter's maxim: "There's ain't nobody that somebody can't lick."

A day's lecture undoubtedly pays better than a day's work for the Government. But the time it takes to think up and write out a lecture marks one out for something.

She If Pennsylvania scientists are correct in their assumption that Abraham Lincoln invented the pig, we may be able to fix with tolerable certainty the blame for the boys leaving the farm.

Nearly everybody is willing to concede that the earth revolves around the sun, but when the astronomers insist that the sun is further from the earth in summer than in winter they pursue a perspiring populace too far.

The idea of President Wilson appointing a negro to office when there are so few for the white Democrats. Senator Vardaman will oppose the confirmation of the negro, Adam E. Patterson whom President Wilson has nominated for register of the Treasury.

Ex-Governor Patterson was arrested one night last week in a Nashville house of bad repute, in a raid by the police for that sole and only purpose. Patterson plead drunkenness as an excuse. Evidently Tennessee politics is worse than the Kentucky variety, bad as it is.

It is about agreed on all sides that Mulhall is the worst liar ever seen in Washington, and yet grave Senators continue to give their time to this man's silly stories in an attempt to smear good men. With Mulhall it is a money making scheme. The country is disgusted with both Mulhall and the committee.

Farmers Will Remember.

What is sure to happen to great numbers of American farmers, after Free-Trade in sugar has been installed.

ed at the behest of a Free-Trade President, is clearly foreshadowed in the following advertisement in the Farm and Home:

Free-Trade in sugar forces us to cut up 10 plantations we are cultivating in cane for diversified and co-operative farming. Tremendous opportunity for live farmers. Write for particulars. Columbia Sugar Co., Franklin, Louisiana.

Not alone will sugar cane culture in Louisiana have to be abandoned because of Free-Trade, but many millions of acres now profitably employed in growing sugar beets in the Northern States must be turned back to crops that yield one-third of the money per acre. Then add the million or more farmers who will be driven out of the sheep growing industry by Free-Trade in wool. Altogether the farmers of the United States will have occasion to long remember the Free-Trade administration and Congress that slipped in on a minority vote.

The People Must Not Get too Close.

We thought that the last campaign was fought out largely on the question of whether the people should rule, but it would seem that after the President, congressmen and Senators are once elected, the people have no right to consult with them on the subject of business or politics, and that all persons, business men representing great industries, and labor organizations, must stay away from Washington while Tariff and other important legislation is under consideration. A new Democratic doctrine, surely. And the people must not get too close to the powers that be.—Tionesta (Pa.) Foster Republican.

RECESS.

Will He Be Sent to Jail?

If Foss moves his factory to Canada, will he be sent to jail or will he slip through the government's fingers a la Jack Johnson? After all the noise and bluster about what is going to happen to those who do not swallow the new Tariff dose, it is evident that manufacturers who cannot do a paying business here will move or suspend operations. Foss is the most notable example.—Camden (N. J.) Post-Telegram.

Pay Your Taxes.

Taxes for the year 1912 are now due and we are ready to receive same. Owing to a new law passed during the last Legislature, relative to preparing the receipts, all taxes will have to be paid at the office. So please call and pay your taxes at your earliest convenience.

2ft. T. H. BLACK,
Sheriff Ohio County.

Birthday Celebration.

Palo, Ky.—The most enjoyable affair that has been given around here in many months was that of the birthday celebration of Aunt Emma Wimsatt, who celebrated her sixtieth birthday on July 13. It being meeting day, Aunt Emma went to meeting and when she returned home to her surprise she found the long table set and loaded with lots of good things to eat. The wagons and carriages came in very early and soon everything was made ready. People from every direction were there. The afternoon was spent with good talks and splendid music furnished by the Palo band. One hundred and twenty-five people attended and Aunt Emma received many nice presents. May she live to have many more such celebrations.

For Sale.

One of the nicest and best built houses in Hartford, at just what it cost. Has 5 rooms, hall, front and back verandas, built in 1909 and needs no repairs.

For particulars call or address this office.

COUNTY TEACHERS INSTITUTE

Will be Held at Hartford
Beginning Aug. 18.

Prof. Green Will Be the Instructor
—Good Program is
Arranged.

MONDAY.

9:30 a. m. Singing by the Institute.

9:45 Scripture Reading and Prayer—Rev. R. D. Bennett.

10:00 Calling roll previously prepared by Superintendent.

10:15 Election of Secretary.

10:30 Appointments of Committees.

10:40 Outline of the work by the Superintendent.

10:55 Address by instructor, Prof. H. P. Green.

NOON.

1:15 Why a Course of Study is Necessary—W. R. Hedrick.

1:35 Organization of Rural School with one Teacher—R. D. Robinson.

2:00 Discuss Fully the Daily Programme—Russell Cooper.

2:20 Home Geography, How to Teach—Mae E. Rogers.

2:30 Geography, Hygiene, How Alternate and Correlate with other Subjects—E. S. Howard.

RECESS.

3:00 Address by Instructor.

4:00 Adjournment.

TUESDAY.

8:00 a. m. Singing.

8:10 Prayer—Rev. Saville.

8:25 Roll Call.

8:30 Spelling, Discuss how to Assign and Recite the Lesson—O. D. Carson.

8:45 Domestic Science, How to Teach in the Public Schools—Miss Mayme Shown.

9:00 Nature Study in the School—Mrs. J. N. Loyd.

9:15 Discipline and Management, Discuss Topics 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5—V. M. Moseley.

RECESS.

10:15 Address by the Instructor.

11:00 Primary Arithmetic—Miss Hattie Glenn.

11:15 How Much Arithmetic Should be Taught in the Primary, Grades—Miss Mary Marks.

11:30 General Discussions.

NOON.

1:15 p. m. Reading in the Primary Grades—Mrs. Annie McFerran.

1:30 Manual Training, topics 1 to 8 in Syllabus—W. R. Carson.

2:00 Agriculture, Topics 1 to 5—W. S. Taylor.

RECESS.

2:45 Address by the Instructor.

3:35 Roll Call.

4:00 Adjournment.

WEDNESDAY.

8:00 a. m. Singing by Institute.

8:10 Prayer—Rev. W. B. Wright.

8:20 Character Building in School—Prof. Stilwell.

8:30 Useful and Useable Knowledge—Prof. Ozma Shultz.

9:15 Advanced Geography—Discuss Method Suggested in Course of Study—Harry Leach.

9:30 How Correlate Geography with other Subjects—E. F. Ellis.

9:45 Show How Life and Physical and Economic Geography are Related—Prof. A. E. Ellis.

RECESS.

10:15 Address by the Instructor.

11:00 Discuss Reading—Mrs. J. Ney Foster.

11:15 Explain the ultimate Aims in Language Work—Mrs. E. Y. Allen.

11:30 Composition Work, Prose

Stories—Mrs. S. O. Keown:
NOON.

1:15 Educational Value of History—Prof. Tanner.

1:45 Biography in History, How Use, Its Value—Prof. E. Y. Allen.

2:10 Agriculture in the Schools—Conner Ford.

RECESS.

2:45 Address by Prof. H. P. Green.

3:45 General Business.

4:00 Adjournment.

THURSDAY.

8:00 Singing by Institute.

8:10 Prayer—Rev. English.

8:20 Estimate of the Teacher.

8:40 Teaching Ability, How Estimate—Prof. Fred Shultz.

9:00 Governing Power, Disciplinary Ability—C. B. Shown.

9:20 Professional and Community Interest—Tom Hamilton.

9:40 Self Examination of a Teacher—J. C. Lawrence.

9:50 Hygiene and Sanitation—Dr. J. R. Pirtle.

RECESS.

10:15 Address by Prof. Green.

11:30 Reading in Fifth and Sixth Years—Mrs. I. S. Mason.

NOON.

1:15 Show how to Correlate History with Geography and Literature—Prof. H. E. Brown.

1:40 Discuss use of Dates and Outlines in Teaching History—J. C. Jackson.

2:00 How should the work in History be Supplemented — N. C. Crowder.

2:15 Discuss the Value of the Average History Teaching to the Rural People—L. L. Embry.

RECESS.

2:45 Address by the Instructor.

4:00 Adjournment.

FRIDAY.

8:10 Scripture Reading and Prayer by Prof. Green.

8:25 Civil Government—What are the Purposes of Teaching it in the Public School—Ellis Sandefur.

8:45 Which Causes More Crime, Ignorance or Idleness of Facts of Government—A. D. Kirk.

9:15 Outline a Brief Course in Civics that You Think would be really Valuable—Lonnie Owen.

9:35 General discussion of School Problems, led by J. L. Brown and L. B. Tichenor.

RECESS.

10:15 Discipline and Management, Topics 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5—W. F. Anderson.

10:35 Address by Instructor.

NOON.

1:00 p. m. Report of Committees.

1:30 Distribution of report blanks and record books. General business and adjournment.

There will be two lectures at night during the week and appropriate programmes will be arranged for the entertainment of the teachers and the public the two remaining nights of the week.

All teachers will be required to attend the entire session.

HENRY LEACH, Supt.

To the Voters of Ohio County.

It is being circulated that Sam Keown is running for Sheriff and is going to share the emoluments of the office with me and my boys. This is done to injure S. O. Keown and I want to say emphatically, that these charges are false. This is being told to parties that might be opposed to me, through some fancied wrong. I have been Sheriff of Ohio County twice, for which I am truly grateful, to the people and if I ever want an office I would not be afraid to go before the people with my claim, and not dodge behind a brother. My ambition is to climb the ladder of fame higher and not to come down.

My boys have better jobs than they could get in that office, and I am making a very good living. I hope that the Voter will not be prejudiced by any such stuff as this.

CAL P. KEOWN.

(Advertisement.)

Surprise Birthday Dinner.

WAIT FOR FAIR'S Big Kum DOWN SALE

—WHICH BEGINS—

Friday, August 1

—AND CONTINUES TO—

Saturday, Aug. 9

OUR USUAL BIG LINE OF
BARGAINS WILL PREDOMINATE
THROUGHOUT OUR ENTIRE
HOUSE.

Don't Forget the Date—

August 1 to August 9

AND REMEMBER THAT IT PAYS
TO TRADE WITH A HOUSE
THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 1.

M. H. & E. Railroad Time Table at Hartford, Ky.

L. & N. time card effective Monday Aug. 21st.
No. 112 North Bound due 7:19 a. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 114 North Bound due 1:15 p. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 115 South Bound due 8:45 a. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 113 South Bound due 1:46 p. m. daily except Sunday.
H. E. MISCHKE, Agt.

Hartford Mill Co., has River sand to sell.

Mr. James Lyons has returned from a visit in Deanfield.

Mrs. Jennie Miller returned home Saturday from Neurand, Okla.

Mrs. Hardin, of Chattanooga, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Alexander.

Quite a number of people from here spent the day at Sulphur Springs Sunday.

Mr. Ira D. Bean, of Carson & Co., was in Centertown Tuesday afternoon.

The biggest bargains ever offered at a Come Down Sale at Carson & Company's.

Misses May, Owensboro, and Mason, Fordsville, are the guests of Mrs. Ernest Woodward.

Mrs. R. E. Lee Zimmerman and daughter, Miss Winnie, returned from Livermore Sunday.

Miss Corinne Woodward has returned from Bowling Green where has been in school.

Miss Leafy Hale, of Fordsville, is the guest of the Misses Daisy Weddin and Eleonor Petty.

When you go away on your vacation in summer, let The Hartford Republican follow you.

Regular Church service at Methodist Church Sunday morning and evening. Everybody invited.

Misses Lizzie Glenn and Mary Marks are the guests of Miss Margaret Joiner, of Madisonville.

I am ready to insure your horses, jacks, mules and cattle against death from any cause.

E. E. BIRKHEAD,
Agt. Ky. Live Stock Ins. Co.

Mrs. Clarence Keown, of Fordsville, was here yesterday on her way to attend the Madisonville fair.

Misses Mary and Elizabeth King, of Henderson, will arrive Monday to be the guests of Miss Louise Phipps.

Don't fail to attend our big Come Down Sale August 1st to August 9.

CARSON & CO.

Mrs. E. M. Woodward entertained last evening for her visitors, Misses May, of Owensboro, and Mason, of Fordsville.

Misses Lela and Earlie May Magan arrived Sunday from Bowling Green to be the guests of their sister, Mrs. A. E. Ellis.

Ladies of Goshen Methodist Church will give an ice cream supper at the church grove Saturday night. Everybody welcome.

Mrs. Lavina B. Foster left Tuesday for her home at Owensboro, after spending several weeks here visiting relatives.

Mr. W. C. Smith and children, Miss Winona Clay and Master Wallace, of McHenry, were pleasant callers at this office Saturday.

The Louisville Weekly Herald and The Hartford Republican, one year each, for \$1.35. Send all orders to The Republican, Hartford, Ky. 32f

Misses Ruth Thomas and Robbie Barnard returned to their home at Madisonville Saturday, after being at the guests of the Misses Riley.

Plenty of Stock Peas and German Millet on hand now.

LIKENS & ACTON,

44f, Hartford, Ky.

Mrs. E. L. Miller left Wednesday for her home in Chicago. She was accompanied by her daughter, Miss Mary Spalding, who will spend two weeks there.

Sow crimson clover and peas in corn. Get your seed, fertilizer and farming implements from

D. L. D. SANDEFUR,

52t3, Beaver Dam, Ky.

WANTED—Several cars of new Wheat. If you have any for sale, call on

W. E. ELLIS,

Produce Merchant,

Hartford, Ky.

I am ready to insure your horses, jacks, mules and cattle against death from any cause.

E. E. BIRKHEAD,
Agt. Ky. Live Stock Ins. Co.

Just received a carload of woven wire fencing and barbed wire. Prices right.

LIKENS & ACTON,

Hartford, Ky.

I am ready to insure your horses, jacks, mules and cattle against death from any cause.

E. E. BIRKHEAD,
Agt. Ky. Live Stock Ins. Co.

Dr. Claude Wilson, osteopath, will begin July 15th making trips to Hartford. He will be in Hartford at the Commercial Hotel every Tuesday and Friday from 12 o'clock, noon, until 7 p. m.

52t4

Mr. Luther King, the hardware man, has been on the sick list this week and unable to attend to this business. During his absence, Mr. Charley Howard has been managing the store.

Mr. W. P. Matheny, one of the principals of Vanderbilt Training School, Elkhorn, Ky., was in Hartford yesterday the guest of Judge W. H. Barnes, and family and Col. C. M. Barnett and family.

FARM FOR SALE—A splendid 102 acre farm, two miles South of Centertown, Ky. A splendid farm and a bargain. For particulars, call on

BARNETT & FOSTER,

52t4, Hartford, Ky.

Hereafter I will sell for cash, except by special agreement. Will make prices that will pay the trade to pay cash. Cutting out delivery service and credit. This will enable me to give you much better prices and merchandise.

A. D. WHITE,

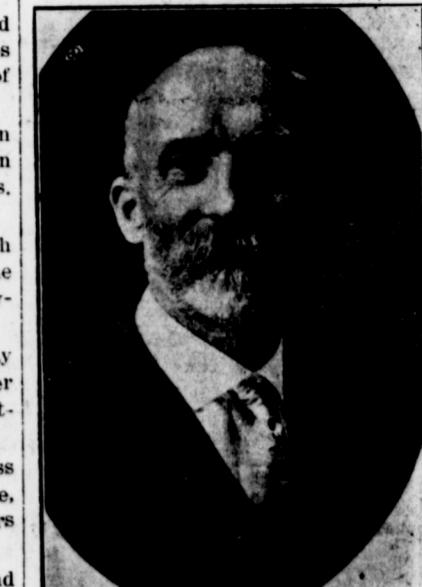
Hartford, Ky.

Miss Mariam Holbrook entertained a few of her friends Thursday afternoon for her guest, Miss Mary Anderson, of Louisville. Those present were: Misses Mary Anderson of Louisville; Mariam Holbrook, Ruth Spalding, Mattie Duke, Mary Felix, Lella Glenn, Lucile Pirtle and Louise Phipps.

Mr. Charlie Wimsatt was badly injured Monday, while working in the Henry Bean timber, near Sunnydale. A large limb fell on Mr. Wimsatt and he was unable to pull himself out. Mr. Orville Berry was also caught by the falling limb, but was able to pull Mr. Wimsatt out. They were engaged in cutting the timber on this tract of land, and employed by Mr. A. J. Williams.

Some of the young men gave a party Monday evening at Mrs. Laura Stevens' residence. Those present were: Misses Gayle Tichenor, Lucile Pirtle, Katie Pendleton, Winnie Simmerman, Louise Phipps, Mariam Holbrook, Mary Anderson, Ruth Spalding, Mattie Duke, Flora Riley, Claudia Wright, Misses May, of Owensboro; Lella Glenn, Mary Felix and Nancy Ford and Mrs. Louis Riley; Messrs. Glenn Barnes, Shelby Stevens, Parke Taylor, Hardin Riley, Goodell Wooten, Lee Robertson, Hoyt Taylor, Ross Taylor, Lum Iglerat, Smith Hoover, Louis Riley, John Glenn, Estill Barnett, Howard Glenn, Fred May and Mr. Reighart, of Louisville.

A Card.



JNO. B. WILSON.

I have canvassed the Democratic voters of the county the best could and now submit my claim to the nomination to the will of the people next Saturday. I have been fair to my opponents and to every one. I feel I merit the nomination for the office of County Judge. If it is given me I will thankfully receive it and use all honorable means to be elected, and if elected, I will devote all my time and energies to its successful conduct and to the best interests of all the people.

JNO. B. WILSON.

(Advertisement.)

Methodist Sunday School.

The Methodist Sunday School will convene in court hall next Sunday morning at 9:45, after a recess of several weeks on account of repairing the court house. It is hoped that a full attendance will be on hand.

J. H. B. Carson, Supt.

\$100 per Plate.

was paid at a banquet to Henry Clay, in New Orleans in 1842. Mighty costly for those with stomach trouble or indigestion. To day people everywhere use Dr. King's New Life Pills for these troubles as well as liver, kidney and bowel disorders. Easy, safe, sure. Only 25 cts at all druggists.

WHEN A DEMOCRAT'S OX IS GORED

Foss is Now Anxious to Save His Business from the Effects of Free-Trade.

It seems hardly fair for the Democrats to be scolding at Governor Foss of Massachusetts, in the furious manner they have been doing the last couple of days. Governor Foss's offense, as they see it, is that, though he is a Democratic Governor of Massachusetts, he is pulling up his industrial stakes and hitting the trail for Canada.

The Democrats in Congress making the new Tariff law and the Democratic newspapers applauding that work are acting toward Governor Foss as a crew on the high seas might act toward one of its members down in the hold scuttling the ship, or as the police in Washington might

act toward an anarchist trying to explode dynamite in the cellar of the White House.

Now in the case of Mr. Foss there is a big difference. It's true that he is a very prominent Democrat. It's true that by the votes of Democrats he is the Governor of Massachusetts. But he is a manufacturer as well. That's his regular business. Officially and publicly he is bound to stand by his art, but privately and industrially he is also bound to preserve from ruin, in so far as he can, the manufacturing property in his charge, and to save for the stockholders of that property some of the value of their investment.

Very likely Foss—his party being pledged to Free-Trade—in getting that party—if he were able—to make a special bit of high Protective Tariff for the benefit of his particular industry. That wouldn't be fair and it wouldn't be decent.

But it's perfectly fair, and it's plain horse sense, for Foss—the manufacturer—if he knows his party's new Tariff is going to blow his business sky high—to pick it up and scoot across to Canada with it or to any other country where he could save it from the smash he sees coming to it in this country.

Naturally, when Foss—the manufacturer—moves his American factories across the Canadian line the American wage earners now employed in them and other Americans indirectly dependent upon the operation of those factories are going to be out of their jobs and are going to be without their present means of supporting themselves. But he can very aptly answer to that indictment that if the new Tariff is going to put his factories out of business those wage earners and others would suffer the same thing anyhow. In either case they're gone.

Governor Foss evidently thinks that the several hundred millions of American capital already invested in mills and factories over in Canada behind its protective wall will be very largely multiplied after our new Tariff goes into operation. Evidently he thinks that if the American Tariff is no longer to give the American market to American industries like his then there are two advantages to be gained by his going behind the Tariff wall in Canada.

The first is that putting his mills and factories behind that Canadian wall will give him at least a part of the Canadian market against all American industries trying to compete with him over there.

And then, perhaps, if he can produce more cheaply in Canada, with lower wage scale and smaller costs in other ways, at the same time the new American Tariff making it easier for the foreign producer to come into the American market, he can buy materials in Canada, pay wages in Canada, produce in Canada, sell in Canada and then—by reason of his economic advantages there and by reason of our Tariff barriers coming down—ship across the American line and sell here, too!

Thus, in the vernacular, he can play both ends against the middle. He can save his mills and factories transplanted to Canada. He can get a market there, no longer having to pay the Canadian Tariff. He can invade the United States—the new Tariff making this easy—and perhaps really increase his business and profits, though at the cost of the American wage-earners formerly employed in his mills and factories and of still other American wage earners whom he may throw out of work when he invades the American market with his Canadian product and shuts up American mills and factories now vainly trying to compete, even in their own home market, with the product imported from his Canadian mills and factories.

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SEEMS TO HAVE REFORMED

Billinggate, Once Unfavorably Known for Bad Language, Given Clean Bill of Health.

"Billinggate" is synonymous for language that is not exactly of the type that is heard in polite society. Billinggate itself is the name of the famous fish market in the heart of London, England, the biggest fish market in the world, and Billinggate language is language full of uncouth expressions and strange oaths such as are supposed to be used by fish hawkers. However, according to the present lord mayor of London, Sir David Burnett, Billinggate as a name for wild expressions, promises to become a misnomer. Recently he paid a surprise visit to this market within his jurisdiction, and like Haroun Al Raschid of old, he went in disguise; that is to say he did not go in his mayoral robes, but wore a bowler hat, so that he should not be recognized.

During the whole time he was there he testifies that he never heard a profane word. Everywhere, too, when fish porters came running along with loads that might have damaged his clothes they gave the warning cry "By your leave, sir." His lordship came to the conclusion that the good temper displayed in the carrying out of their arduous labor would have been a credit to any body of men.

LOOKED INTO GOLDEN FUTURE

Proof That Moore Was Right When He Indulged in Rhapsodies Over "Love's Young Dream."

A little girl in Liswood is just about old enough to have a beau, and she is perfectly crazy about any poor, dour, green-haired, bare-necked, tall, skinny lad that—well, let us tell our little incident without adding any more.

The maiden's lovely boy friend went out of town for a week, but he wrote letters. And the maiden's sister started kidding.

"What?" exclaimed sis—"another letter from Rob? When do you expect to marry him, dear?"

"Oh, very soon!" cried the little one, encouraged by such a display of sympathy. "Robert has only two years more in the preparatory school. And then he will go to Harvard and be graduated with the highest honors. After he gets his degree he will go west and make his fortune, and then we shall be married. Oh, all seems so beautiful!"

"Dream on, kid!" exclaimed the older sister, tenderly. "Do you want to go to another picture show with me this evening? There's a long time to wait, and we've got to put in the time somehow."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

German Emperor Fond of Theater. Emperor William of Germany shows his belief in the system of national theaters by contributing lavishly toward their support. As king of Prussia, William II, is the owner of the Konigliche Schauspiele, of which there are six—three in Berlin and one each at Wiesbaden, Cassel and Hanover. The Prussian ministry of the interior gets aside yearly \$625,000 for the royal theaters in Berlin alone, which sum is made up to \$737,500 out of the privy purse. Even so, however, there is generally an annual deficit of above \$75,000, and this the emperor makes good as well. His imperial majesty takes most interest in the Berlin opera house, which is but a stone's throw from the castle, so that he can easily run in and conduct rehearsals. It is entirely owing to his efforts that the productions here have attained their present pitch of perfection in everything that concerns mounting.

In a Japanese Bookshop.

The following advertisement of a Tokyo bookseller is worthy of the most progressive vendor of printed wares:

"The advantages of our establishment: 1, price cheap as a lottery; 2, books elegant as a singing girl; 3, print clear as crystal; 4, paper tough as elephant's hide; 5, customers treated as politely as by the rival steamship companies; 6, articles as plentiful as in a library; 7, goods dispatched as expeditiously as a cannon-ball; 8, parcels done up with as much care as that bestowed on her husband by a loving wife; 9, all defects, such as dissipation and idleness, will be cured in young people paying us frequent visits, and they will become solid men; 10, the other advantages we offer are too many for language to express."

Great Indian Poet Arrives.

India seems at last to have produced a great poet, and there have been very few since the days of the Mahabharata. Mr. W. B. Yeats, who knows good poetry when he sees it, and even writes occasionally, says of the lately published volume by Rabindranath Tagore: "I have carried the manuscript of these translations about with me for days, reading it in railway trains or on the top of omnibuses and in restaurants, and I have often had to close it lest some stranger would see how much it moved me." Great words and said and good, indeed, according to Mr. Yeats.

Furniture of Sheet Steel.

Sheet steel is the latest material utilized in the making of furniture. It is used for sideboards, wardrobes, chiffoniers, writing desks, and is finished in such perfect imitation of the various woods that the difference cannot be detected. The wood finish is applied under a very high temperature, becoming an integral part of the metal, and never cracking. This unique furniture, has the recommendation of being fire proof, and a lighted match set on a pressed steel sideboard would have no effect whatever on its surface.

ONLY MADE MATTERS WORSE.

Captain's Words of Intended Comfort Completed Panic of Terror-Stricken Passengers.

"To try to reassure people in time of an accident sometimes causes more trouble than the accident itself," said a man who once lived on Staten Island. "At any rate, that was my experience when one of the old Staten Island ferries nearly turned over one day in a fierce wind. It looked as if destruction were inevitable.

"The boat had dipped until it almost stood on edge; passengers stampeded, women and children shrieked and cried in terror. Badly scared as I was, I undertook to comfort a woman who had knelt and was praying loudly for deliverance.

"Don't be alarmed, Madam," I said. "We are sure to be all right. The boat will straighten up in a few minutes. It has been running for fifty years, and it is not likely to go down now."

"My comforting words had a most unexpected effect.

"Oh," wailed the woman, "if the boat has been running for fifty years it must be so old and rotten that it can't possibly stand this strain. We're done for."

"And with that she jumped overboard."

"Fortunately, she was fished out by the crew, but she sustained a severe shock. The boat, of course, weathered the storm, and that woman was the only person on board who was injured."

THINNING IN MEDICAL RANKS

Fewer College Men Take Up the Study of Medicine, According to the Statistics.

An official in one of Philadelphia's big medical colleges said to me, writes a Philadelphia Public Ledger reporter: "The number of physicians grows less each year. There is already a noticeable lack of them in some rural districts."

"It is true also that the number of medical students in our Philadelphia colleges, as well as in the medical colleges in other parts of the United States, is smaller now than it was formerly. In 1904 there were 29,000 medical students in the country, but now there are only 18,000."

"What is the reason for this decline?" I asked the college professor. "Stiffer courses of study," he replied. "I seemed to think that the country could well afford to get on with fewer doctors, provided it had better ones. Each year sees a larger number of doctors attached permanently to hospitals. I asked this authority what he thought the average income is of Pennsylvania doctors, and he guessed \$1,500."

I learn from an authoritative source that the average salary of all Methodist ministers in the Philadelphia district, which includes towns adjacent, is \$1,172 a year.

Pampered Lapdogs.

The New York papers report that a wealthy woman well known in society circles went to one of the finest hotels in New York and engaged a suite of four rooms and three baths for three months at \$50 a day. There was a living room, a bedroom, and a bath for herself, a room and a bath for the maids, and a bedroom and bath for her "babies," as she called her three dogs, two Japanese and one a Pekingese spaniel.

Rising from their satin-lined baskets in the morning, the dogs are bathed with scented water in the big white tub. After that comes breakfast with milk and toast. At luncheon the "babies" are served with lamb chops and creamed potatoes. Dinner consists of a bit of chicken, mashed potatoes, and a dessert of ice cream or some creamy confection.

The fare of the dogs is fifty shillings a day, or more than \$45,000 a year.—London Tit-Bits.

An Ostrich As a Pony.

None of the recent additions to the Zoological Gardens has proved so popular as "Barbara," the domesticated ostrich which is now allowed to draw a little carriage, loaded with happy children, around the gardens in the afternoon.

Barbara, who is at present bereft of her plumes, has to be kept in the sanatorium, and is allowed out only during fine, warm weather. She is fed twice a day on a mash of bread, bran and oats, with chopped bones and cabbage as a second course. The charge for riding in Barbara's carriage once around a large flower bed is twopence.—London Mail:

Very Poor Sight.

Senator Shively was discussing a tariff clause, and the first said:

"The opponents of this clause are like young Smithers," he said, "young Smithers, who married the poor and elderly and hideous Miss Hughes."

"Two ladies were discussing this match. The first said:

"How on earth did Smithers come to marry her?"

"The other lady, smiling delicately, answered:

"I suppose now, don't you?"

"You can see for yourself, that he wears blue glasses."

Well Amended.

Governor Sulzer, apropos of a peculiarly ignoble move in a political conflict, said in Albany:

"Whether this move wins the day or not, I, for one, can't countenance it, nor, I daresay, can many other remedies have failed to help you."

Sold by all druggists. If first bottle fails to benefit your money is returned.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

The end justifies only the mean."

The Republican Progressive Platform.

First.—We endorse all the steps which have been taken by the County Republican and Progressive Executive Committees, leading up to and including the call for this convention to formulate a platform upon which candidates for the various county offices and member of the House of Representatives are to appeal to voters of Ohio county for support at the coming November election, under the Republican emblem, believing that it is best for those who may enter the General Primary to know what may be expected of them in advance, and fair to the people of the county to know just where their candidates stand, upon all questions of public interest.

"The boat had dipped until it almost stood on edge; passengers stampeded, women and children shrieked and cried in terror. Badly scared as I was, I undertook to comfort a woman who had knelt and was praying loudly for deliverance.

"Don't be alarmed, Madam," I said. "We are sure to be all right. The boat will straighten up in a few minutes. It has been running for fifty years, and it is not likely to go down now."

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"And with that she jumped overboard."

"Fortunately, she was fished out by the crew, but she sustained a severe shock. The boat, of course, weathered the storm, and that woman was the only person on board who was injured."

Third.—As a matter of economy and in the interest of a better business system, we favor placing the fiscal affairs of the county in the hands of a commission to be composed of three persons to be chosen by the voters from the county at large; believing that the finances of the county can better be handled by a smaller number of men, who can be chosen entirely with their business qualifications in view. Under this arrangement the office of Justice of the Peace would not be detracted from, but its powers for usefulness in the maintenance of order in the various magisterial districts would be far greater.

Fourth.—The office of county assessor should be abolished, and the duties of that official performed by men chosen by the County Board of Commissioners, for each magisterial district.

Fifth.—The people of Ohio county deserves better roads and, we pledge the candidates who may be nominated upon this platform if elected, to exercise their utmost powers to inaugurate a system which shall bring about this desired end in the speediest and best possible way.

Sixth.—We pledge our hearty support in behalf of every effort to improve our schools, for better buildings, more perfect sanitary conditions a course in agriculture for every high school, and an agricultural experiment farm located in the county.

Seventh.—Our sympathies are with the farmers in their efforts to obtain better prices for their products, and especially do we sympathize with the tobacco growers of Ohio county and pledge them our support in their efforts to maintain an organization whereby they may secure a just reward for the toll given by them to the production of this crop. We realize that the struggle is an unequal one and if necessary, we pledge them our support to secure Government aid in maintaining public warehouses, through which they may hold their tobacco until the buyers see fit to accord them fair treatment.

Eighth.—During the last twelve months the county has been impoverished and actual suffering has been brought about among the coal miners on account of slack work, charged to the failure of the railroad to furnish sufficient cars, in order that this evil may be remedied we

Repeal of the hunter's tax.

Abolishment of many needless offices created by the last session of the legislature.

A measure reforming the taxing system of the State which will place the burdens of taxation where they properly belong, instead of upon the men who own small homes and visible property, not easily evaded in the assessment.

A law giving the people of Kentucky equal advantages with those of the States North of us, by compelling the railroads to give us the benefit of 2 cents per mile passenger rate.

Upon all other matters not specifically mentioned herein, our candidate is directed to vote in the interest of progress, and for the general welfare of all our people.

Upon this declaration of principles the members of this convention pledge their hearty support to the candidates who may be nominated at the general primary election, first Saturday in August next, under the Log Cabin, for the various offices to be voted for in Ohio county at the coming November election.

Respectfully submitted,

A. D. KIRK,

M. L. HEAVRIN,

J. A. LEACH,

S. L. STEVENS,

W. R. EDGE,

H. L. CARTER,

Committee.

It would surprise you to know of the great good that is being done by Chamberlain's Tablets. Darius Downey, of Newberg Junction, N. B., writes, "My wife has been using Chamberlain's Tablets, and finds them very effective and doing her both of good." If you have any trouble with your stomach or bowels give them a trial. For sale by all dealers.

McCall Patterns will enable you to make in your own home, with your own hands, clothing for yourself and children which will be perfect in style and fit. Send for free catalog.

We sell McCall Patterns for cutting suits, dresses, blouses, etc.

McCall's MAGAZINE

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have
Always Bought
Bears the
Signature
of
Rev. H. A. Fletcher
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion. Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Dr. DeSMARZIER
Pumpkin Seed—
Almond—
Rhubarb—
Amaranth—
Peppermint—
Marrow Seeds—
Cardamom—
Ginger Root—
Mace—
Cinnamon—
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Worms & Convolusions. Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Rev. Signature of
Rev. H. A. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses—35 Cents
Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The Kind You Have
Always Bought

Bears the
Signature

of
Rev. H. A. Fletcher

In
Use
For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTURION COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

THE WINDS AND THE WAVES OBEY HIM

Pastor Russell and Party En Route For Europe.

The Storm on Galilee's Sea Furnishes Text for a Discourse—Acts as Well as Words of Jesus Parabolic—The Storm as a Type—The Master and His Disciples as Types—Quelling the Storm a Type—Also the Great Calm.



PASTOR RUSSELL

Aboard "The Empress of Ireland," on the Atlantic, July 27. "There arose a great tempest in the sea—but He was asleep. And His disciples awoke Him, saying, Lord, save us; we perish." Then He arose and rebuked the winds and the sea; and there was a great calm."—Matthew 8:24-26.

The Bible informs us that Jesus' teachings were parabolic. The Master explained some of His actions and words to His disciples, and told them that they alone were permitted to know the mysteries of the Kingdom of Heaven. He did not explain all of His parables even to His Apostles. On the contrary, He said, "When the Spirit of Truth is come (at Pentecost and after), He shall guide you into all Truth, and bring all things to your remembrance whatsoever I have spoken."

Since Pentecost, therefore, Jesus' followers can understand His teaching in a way that His earliest followers could not. It was not expedient that natural men should understand clearly the Divine Plan. St. Peter declared that if the Jewish rulers had known, they would not have crucified the Prince of Life. But only by Jesus' crucifixion could the Divine Plan be carried out. Therefore it was hidden from those for whom it was not intended.

This was a blessing; for if they had done those things under full light and knowledge, their guilt would have been much greater. They are, therefore, to be punished according to their limited light and knowledge.

The same principle obtains respecting the whole world; light increases responsibility. He that knew the Master's will, and did it not, shall receive many stripes; he that knew not the Master's will, and did things worthy of stripes, shall receive few stripes. Those begotten of the Holy Spirit as God's children have the highest responsibility, because they have the greatest knowledge. They alone could commit the sin unto death, as St. Paul explains.—Hebrews 6:1-6; 10:26, 27.

The secret of the demarcation between the Church and the world is that the former has the Holy Spirit belonging to a new nature, with privileges of knowledge of God and His plans not granted others. Only the outlines of the Divine Character and Plan can be clearly discerned and appreciated by those not spirit-begotten.

The Boat and the Storm in Antitype.
Our lesson typically considered, the boat would represent the Gospel Dispensation; the Master asleep, the Lord's apparent indifference to the storms of persecution assailing His Church; and the disciples imploring the prayers of the Church throughout the Age.

After our Lord's ascension, storms of persecution followed one another until the history of the true Church has been marked by severe trials of patience and faith. Often the Lord's people have wondered at the afflictions permitted to come upon them. It seemed as though the Lord did not care.

We might reason that if God had raised the storm which frightened experienced fishermen, surely Jesus would not have worked contrary to the Divine arrangement. We might also reason that Satan, "the Prince of the Power of the Air," might have thought to thwart the Divine arrangement respecting Jesus' crucifixion.

Storm of Trouble Is Near.

Bible students are convinced that the great storm of trouble upon the Church is very near. We need not prophesy concerning its character. We are to remember, however, that the majority of the storms upon the Church have come from professed people of God, rather than from the world. The Scribes, Pharisees and Doctors of the Law really crucified Jesus, as St. Peter declared.—Acts 3:13-15.

Our expectation is that the Church will have its most trying experiences from professed brethren. Church Federation is a sincere and innocent look; but is not its purpose and object to fortify sectarianism? Should we not expect that, when it shall gain the measure of political influence and power indicated in the symbolic book of Revelation, those holding a simple faith in God and His Word, and striving to walk the narrow way, will be misrepresented, slandered and eventually hindered from the Lord's service?

The Lord seems to indicate that His Church will be perfected on the Heavenly plane before the world's tribulation shall break in fury. True, the Church may escape in the sense of being enabled to live above the trouble unaffected by it; but we think not. We believe that the Church will have passed into glory before the culmination of the world's Day of Wrath.

PROUD RECORD AS SOLDIER

Gen. Hunter Has Distinguished Himself Under the British Flag in All Its Recent Wars.

Gen. Sir Archibald Hunter, governor and commander-in-chief of Gibraltar, has a fighting record of which any soldier might well be proud.

Probably his narrowest escape occurred when the ill-fated gunboat El Teb turned turtle at the fifth cataract during the expedition to Khartoum to relieve Gordon. Sir Archibald jumped overboard, but was struck in the side by the bridge rail and narrowly escaped drowning. While he was resting, news was brought to him that the boat, which had drifted thirty miles down stream, was aground on an island, and that a tapping was heard from within her. Instantly he made for the wreck, and throughout twelve hours of cutting-out work sat himself on the keel, hammering to encourage the two poor firemen imprisoned below, who were finally rescued.

Sir Archibald was a member of the expedition which, under Lord Kitchener, finally subdued the Sudan at Omdurman. During this campaign he was his leader's right hand man, and was always to be found where the trouble was thickest. During the South African war he was one of the besieged in Ladysmith, and it was he who planned and carried out the destruction of the mischievous "Long Tom" which was such a serious menace to the little garrison.

When a public reception was proposed in Sir Arthur's honor after the campaign, he refused it in a characteristic sentence. "It is only right," he said, "that I should decline to receive any form of demonstration, as so many of my comrades have been killed."

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A WOMAN'S WISDOM.

The worried mother wakes up to hear her baby's heavy breathing—a little cough—perhaps the croup or whooping cough. She does not want to send for a doctor when perhaps the trouble does not amount to much. Finally she thinks of that medical book her father gave her, *The Common Sense Medical Adviser*, by R. V. Pierce, M. D. She says "just the thing to find out what is the matter with the little dear." Two million households in this country own one—and it's to be had for only 31c. in stamps—1,000 pages in splendid cloth binding. A good family adviser in any emergency. It is for *either sex*. This is what many women write Dr. Pierce—in respect to his "Favorite Prescription," a remedy which has made thousands of melancholy and miserable women cheerful and happy, by curing the painful womanly diseases which undermine a woman's health and strength.

"My desire is to write a few lines to let you know what your valuable medicine has done for me," writes Mrs. MARGARET ZUBERT, of 321 S. Bentzon Street, Baltimore, Md. "Before the stork came to our house I was a very sick woman. I wrote you for advice which was kindly given and which made me a different woman in a short time. After making the first bottle of 'Favorite Prescription' I began improving rapidly. I hardly knew I was in such a condition. I did my own housework, washing and ironing, cooking, sewing, and the worst of all was that I could not sleep. I had whooping cough. I hardly knew of the advanced ten minutes before—so easy was it. The baby is as fat as a butter-ball. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best medicine for any woman to take when in this condition. I recommend it to all my friends."

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THE REPUBLICAN and Daily Owensboro Inquirer.....3.50

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Job Department.

It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill."

I wish every suffering woman would give

It Always Helps

Breckinridge County Fair

Hardinsburg, Ky., August 19, 20 and 21, 1913

Three big days of amusements, profit and pleasure. A clean, moral, agricultural exhibit. Something to suit the taste of everybody. Don't miss seeing the exhibit from the State Experiment Station. This will be instructive to everyone who sees it.

Our premium list this year justifies the statement, that at Hardinsburg you will see the finest collection of stock of any county fair in the State.

LOUIS GERTSON, World's Most Famous Aviator

Will make two flights each day of the fair. This alone will be worth the price of admission. Special rates on the railroad each day. Trains stop at the fair grounds.

J. M. SKILLMAN, Secretary.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.

THE BALLOT'S ANTIQUITY

Used in Rome Before Christian Era.

During Revolutionary War Masonic Lodges Used Ballots for Elections.

(By Gilbert Patten Brown.)
The ballot of today, as of ancient times, is considered by the rational citizen a most sacred thing. It has been used by both the oppressed and oppressor. While there is nothing new about the ballot, there is a great deal that is very interesting. The word is of Italian derivation and means a ball in the original, but in these days, and in the settlement of our political questions it means a little or big piece of paper on which are written the names of the candidates for public office or questions relating to constitutional amendments or legislative propositions with which the people who are qualified to vote render their judgment.

The ballot is called "the modern method of secret voting employed in political, legislative and judicial assemblies, and also in private clubs and corporations;" but, as a matter of fact, it is as old as Greece and Rome and antedates the historical period.

In Rome, 139 years before the Christian era, magistrates were elected by ballot; a little later still the people voted upon the enactment or repeal of laws.

In Great Britain, as early as Charles II, written ballots were used, and in the Scots Parliament as early as 1662 ballots were written in disguised hands for the ostracism of undesirable persons who were out of touch with the political powers. Afterward secret voting was adopted in Parliament to protect its members from the power of the crown, and ever since there has been a hidden sense in the printed secret ballot which has preserved the rights of the people and assured the prosperity of England.

In America the first elections were open voice; but the plan of voting by written ballot made its way hither from England to Virginia in the time of the Virginia Company, by which, early in the seventeenth century, the democratic ballot box was introduced in place of the viva voce meeting, and that was the initial appearance of the ballot box in the new world.

After ten years the plan was "permanently adopted," so the story goes, but there had been so many irregularities in the election of burgesses "by subscribing of hands contrary to warrant," that in 1646 an act was passed forbidding the use of hand writing and imposing a fine on those who did not appear to vote, many of the voters having voted by proxy—a plan which really lent itself to much abuse, doubtless, just as the more modern but nonetheless reprehensible and dangerous practice of using dead men in the graveyards has been resorted to in time of great political stress.

In 1775 ballots were used in New England, in Pennsylvania, Delaware and the Carolinas. In 1776 the paper ballot was used in New Jersey and in

1778 in New York.

During our American revolution the ten Masonic lodges in the Continental army used the ballot to elect its officers and candidates. Washington, Knox, Hamilton, Lafayette, Gist, Sumpter and other leading officers were often present and used the ballot in army lodges.

When the United States Constitution was adopted viva voce voting obtained only in Maryland, Virginia and Georgia. In 1864 Maryland, Georgia and Arkansas adopted the paper form of ballot. In 1848 Illinois adopted this plan of voting. It was not until 1860 that Missouri adopted generally the paper ballot, and Virginia stuck to the viva voce style of voting, despite the original experiments made with the written ballot in the early days of that colony, until 1869. Kentucky continued viva voce voting till 1819. At first the ballots were written by the voters themselves, or were printed and distributed by the candidates for office; now this work is done by political committees representing the parties struggling for mastery. There had been so much intimidation and bribery of the voters attending the polls that it was found necessary to find some method for their protection for the good of the state, and many forms of ballot have been tried or adopted which would make the ballot the means of the voter in the exercise of his rights as a citizen to vote according to his conscience and not according to the political watchers at polling places.

The ballots now voted are partly ballots, prepared by political organizations and voted in secret, voting booths having been provided so that the voter in marketing his ballot might be free from the interference of the political walking delegates who infest the polls. The Australian ballot has been adopted in many states, and it is claimed to have many points of excellence. In all the states some form of printed ballot is employed at all elections. Voting is much more difficult now than it was in former days, because it has been found that the voters need watching, a soft impeachment to which the voters themselves would plead guilty.

In ancient Greece and Italy suffrage had existed, as already noted, since the beginning of the historical period. The people responded to the invitation of the kings for their opinion on public questions by clamoring or by the clashing of swords upon shields, and every important act was directed by formal vote.

There was popular voting upon all questions of legislative assemblies, or administrative councils and of the courts of law; but the Greeks and Romans "had nothing on," as the street would say, the Rhode Islander, who had as late, and as late, and much later, in fact, as 1647, the power of initiative and referendum in matters of legislation. It was found by 1715 that "loose and fractious freemen were putting or delivering into the hat sometimes two or three more votes for one officer," and the assembly "for the preventing of said clandestine proceedings for the future ordered that 'every freeman admitted to vote shall write his name at length on the back side of his vote, and all proxies shall have the same.'

There are some very interesting stories yet to be told as to early methods of voting in the New England States. About the earliest records at the ballot we find in ancient Freemasonry, the "ball ballot," white electing, black rejecting. From this all other orders and societies have copied the Masonic system of voting.

The right to vote is regarded as the right preservative of all rights, but is it? The chief fault appears to be with the voters themselves rather than with the form of voting. The printed ballot is far better than the voice or the uplifted hand, because there are voices and voices and an ambidexterity among our people which might be used to their confusion in close elections. All the restrictions and protection thrown by statutes about the ballots are vain if the people who have the right to vote do not exercise that right for the good of the state and in fear of Deity. Much for mankind is yet to be gained through the ballot.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. HENRY & O., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Notice.
Sealed bids will be received on the county farm for the oil and gas rights up to 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, August 9, 1913. Right reserved to reject any and all bids.

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Only drug store in the oil fields.
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533.

Centertown for their kindness during the illness and death of our sweet boy. They gave all the care and consolation possible.
J. C. Jackson, Nettie Jackson, his Parents.

Baseball Dope.

An interesting game was played at East End park Saturday between the Hartford and Rockport teams, resulting in another victory for the locals by the score of 8 to 6. Umpire J. C. Her screamed "play ball" about three o'clock with a good sized bunch of bugs present. Fulkerson was on the mound with Gary doing the receiving for Rockport while Rickard and Comeback Hunter were selected to do the heavy work for the Blue Socks. The visitors failed to tally in the first but the locals sent two across the rubber when after two were down Rickard reached first on an error, took second, and scored on A. Barnett's three bagger, the latter counting on Hunter's drive to center. Rockport amassed three in the third without a hit. Not in the least

daunted, however, the Blue Sox piled up three in their half on singles by E. Barnett, A. Barnett, Hunter, Marks and a base on balls to Spalding. Both sides got by the fourth without reaching counting territory but Hartford sewed things up in the sixth when they ran in three more on hits by A. Barnett, Spalding, Marks, Robertson and Thomas. The visitors lived things up when they scored two in the seventh and one in the next frame, but this fell two short of catching the locals.

THE SCORE.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Rockport	0	0	3	0	0	2	1	0	6	6	4	
Hartford	2	0	3	0	3	0	0	x	8	14	5	

THE LINE-UP.

Rockport.	Hartford.
Everly, ss.	Elgin, ss.
McDougal, lf.	E. Barnett, cf.
Green, 2d.	Rickard, p.
Garrett, 3b & p.	A. Barnett, 3d.
Barnard, if.	Hunter, c.
Turley, lb.	Spalding, lb.
Morehead, cf.	Marks, rt.
Gary, c.	Robertson, 2d.
Fulkerson, p.	Thomas, lf.
Jackson	

DIAMOND SPARKS.

(By Al.)
Pleasant Ridge was to have been the attraction Saturday but they canceled the game Saturday morning and by quick work on the part of Manager Casebeer the Rockport team was secured.

Catcher Thorpe was unable to be here Saturday and Hunter donned the togs. "Mut" got by with it in a pleasing manner.

The Hartford team showed a marked improvement in their stick work Saturday amassing fourteen hits off the Rockport twirlers.

Three familiar faces were seen on the Rockport team, namely, Turley, Garrett and Green. Green was very much in evidence.

Elgin, the veteran shortstop, who has drifted back to the minors, was picked up by the local management and tried out Saturday. He made a favorable impression and will likely be retained.

We regret to lose the services of Outfielder Rosenblatt but it was round impossible to keep the big fellow in physical condition owing to his utter disregard for training rules, so he has been sent to Clinton, Ind.

Marks, the new right fielder secured from Hayti, had little to do in the field Saturday but slammed three pretty singles.

"Es" Barnett and Spalding, two young recruits secured from the bush leagues showed up well Saturday and with a little more seasoning will make good.

Hartford will cross bats Saturday with the strong Deanfield team. It will be remembered that Hartford defeated Deanfield early in the season 5 to 1, but they put up a clean game and have been strengthened since then. The game with McHenry has been called off by the latter.

Cleaton won a hard fought game Sunday afternoon when they defeated Taylor Mines, score 8 to 6. Cleaton is said to have had several picked players, who were not members of that team, while Taylor Mines play-

ed only their regular members. The day was called off by the Leitchfield manager Thursday, on account of some of their players being absent Sunday.

On August 10 at the Woodmen picnic at Taylor Mines, the T. M. team will play against Equality at 10 a. m. will play Island Station at 2:30 p. m.



YES, YES, OF COURSE IT'S SHOT, BUT THEN REMEMBER WHAT TIME OF THE YEAR IT IS. YOU SEE WE ARE NOT LETTING IT DISTURB US. WE WILL RECEIVE YOU WITH POLITENESS, AND WILL GIVE YOU EVERY ATTENTION AND THE BEST OF WELCOMES. IT'S HOT ALL RIGHT; THAT MAY EFFECT THE PRICE OF ICE, BUT OUR GOOD, HONEST GOODS WERE MARKED AT AN HONEST, FAIR PRICE IN THE FIRST PLACE. WE ARE KEEPING COOL, BECAUSE WE'VE GOT THINGS RIGHT, BEST GOODS FOR THE FAIREST PRICE.

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